

CO Excitation and Turbulence in High-z Main Sequence Analogues: Resolved CO Line Ratios and Velocity Dispersions in DYNAMO Galaxies

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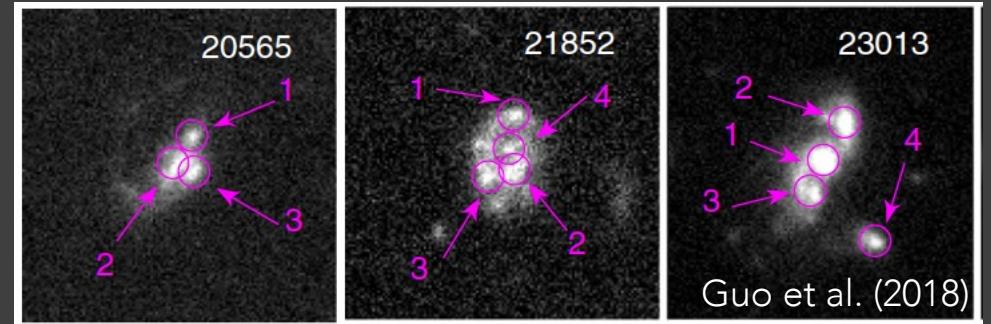
Alberto Bolatto (UMD), Deanne Fisher (SUT), Karl Glazebrook (SUT), Danail Obreschkow (UWA),
Roberto Herrera-Camus (UDEC)

Thursday, March 3rd, 2022



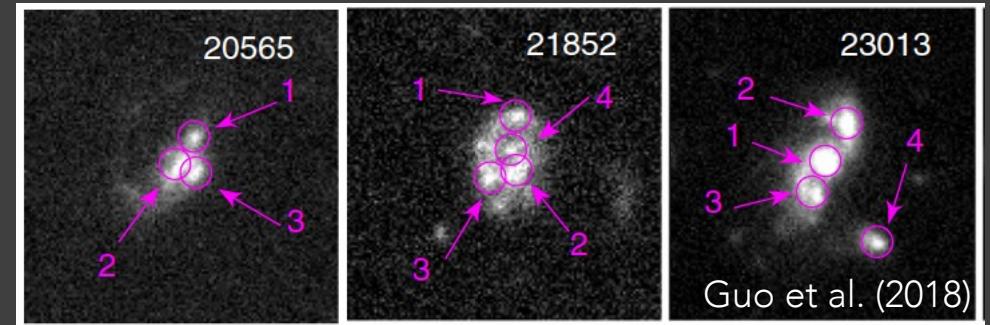
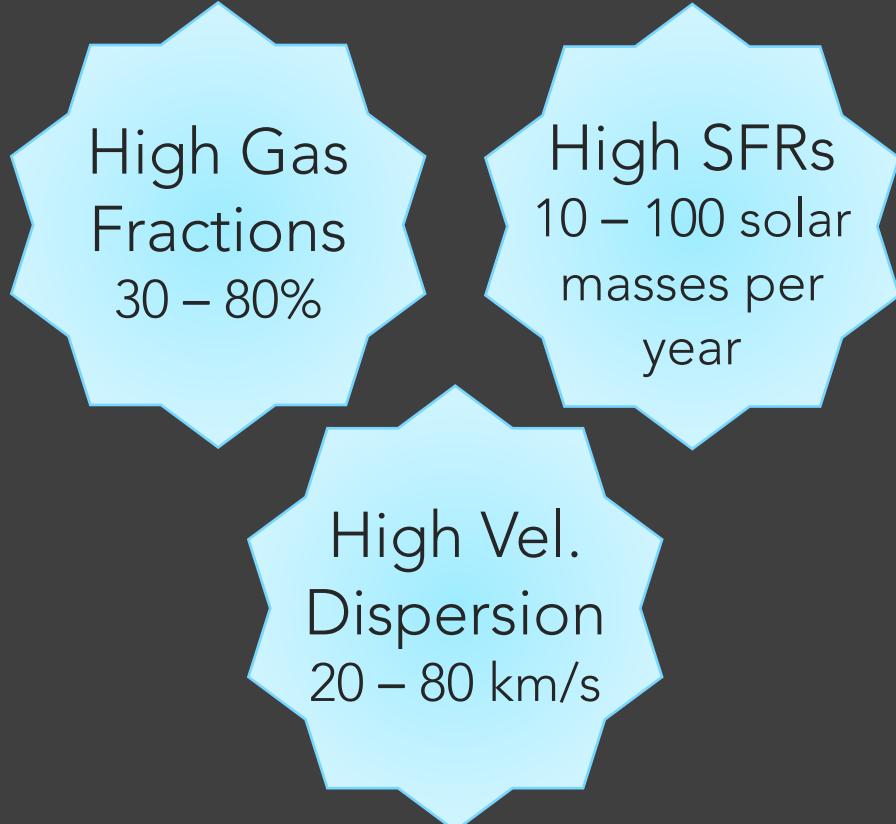
Morphologies of $z \sim 1 - 2$ Galaxies

- Dominated by massive \sim kpc-sized clumps



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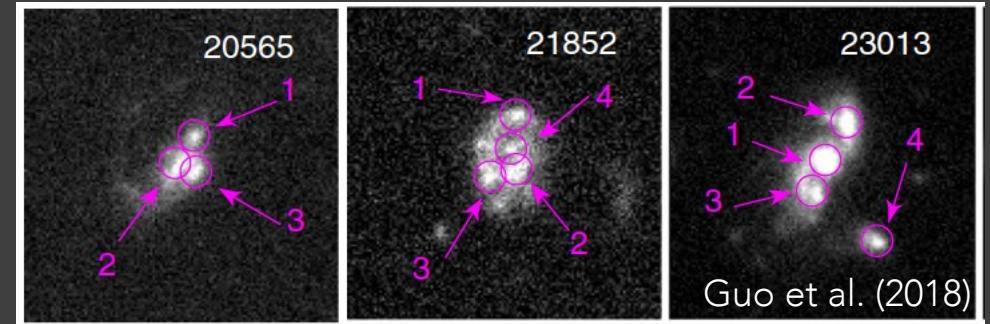
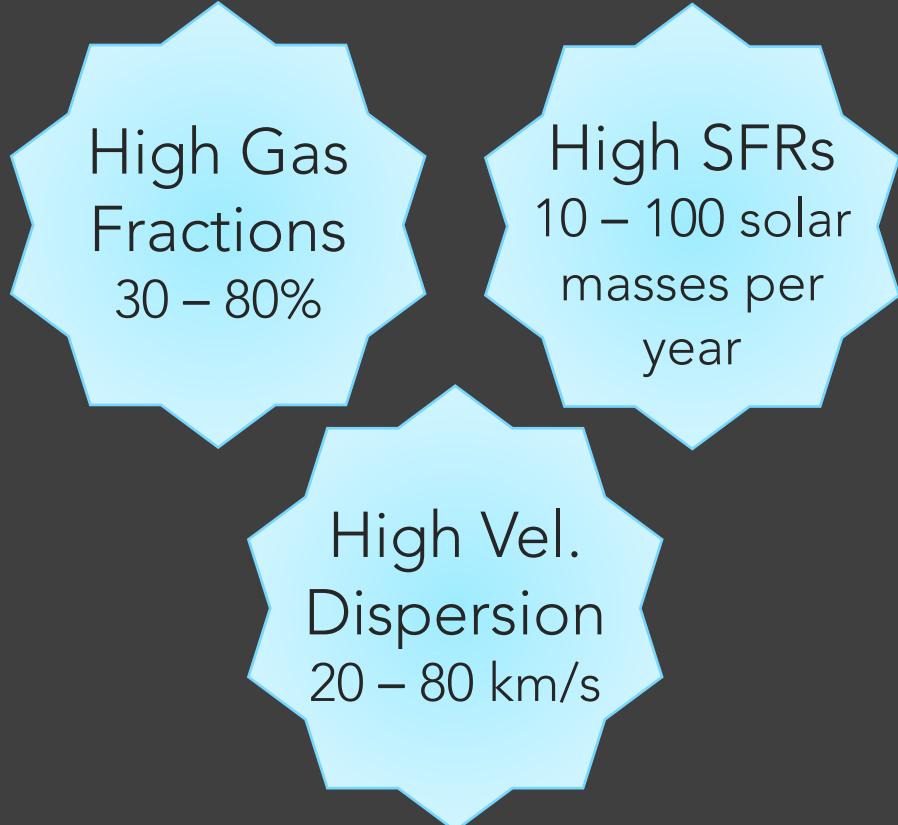
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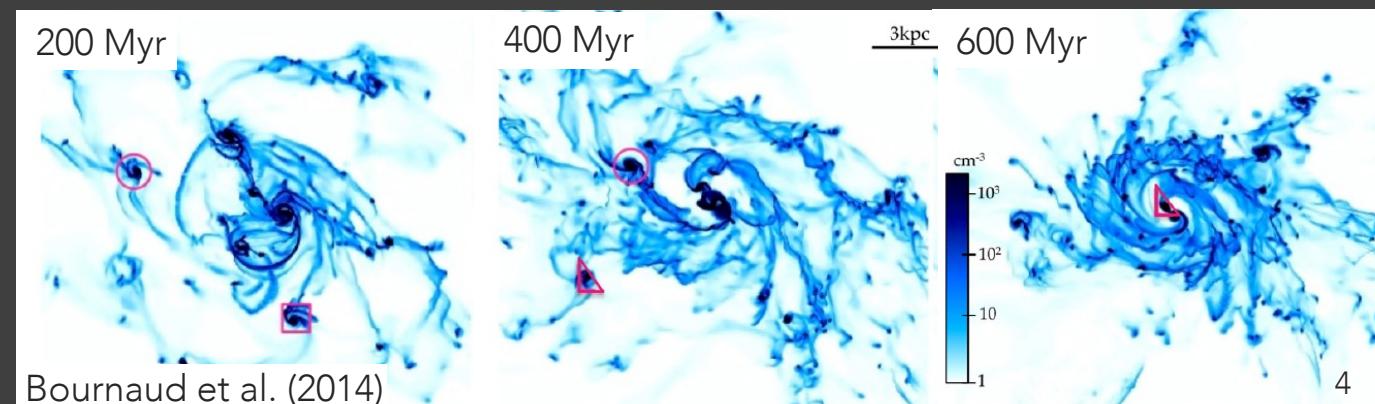
Guo et al. (2018)

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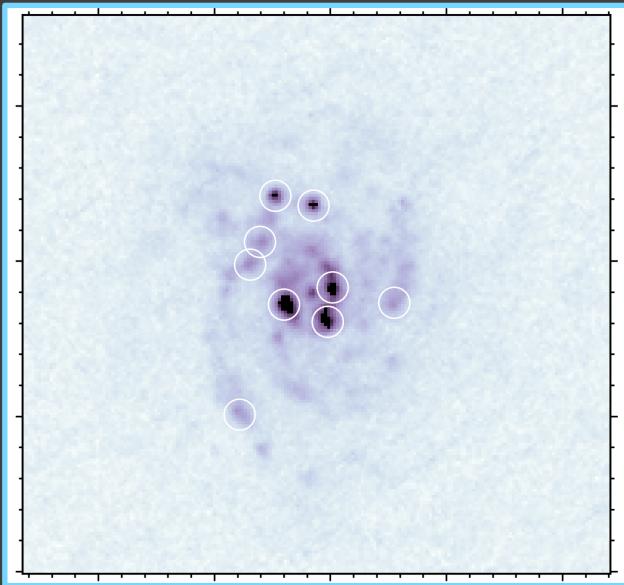
- Formation through *violent disk instability* → migrate inwards and contribute to bulge growth?



Local Analogues: DYNAMO Galaxies

- *DYNAMICS of Newly Assembled Objects (DYNAMO; Green+2014)*: 68 very rare local ($z \sim 0.1$) clumpy galaxies selected from SDSS to be H α bright

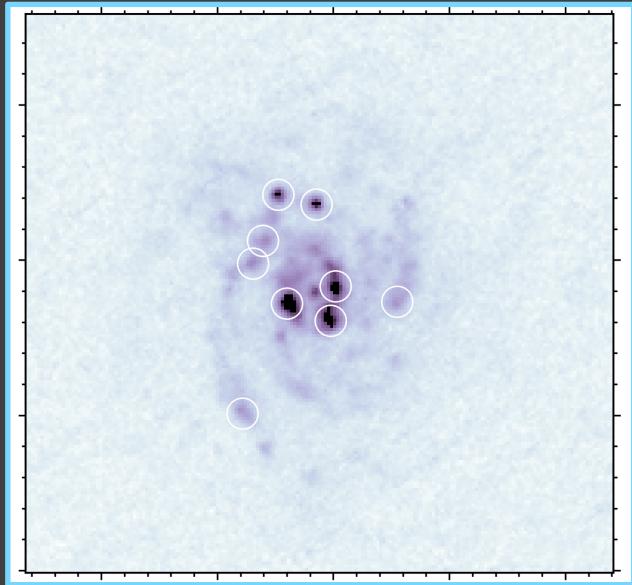
HST F336W (U)



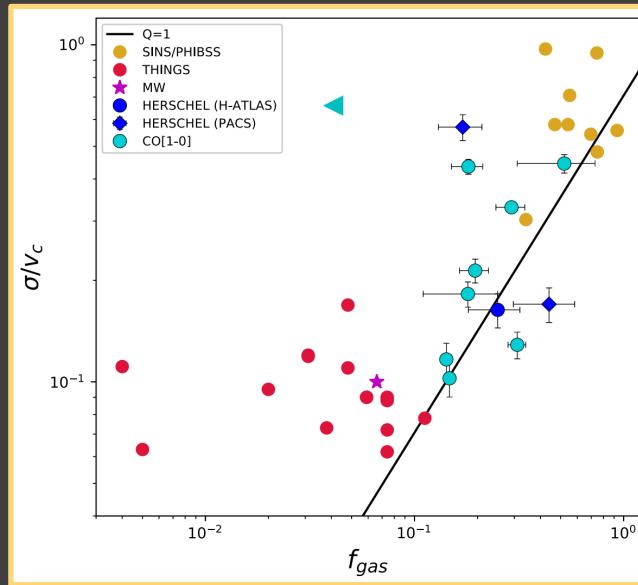
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High gas fractions &
velocity dispersions

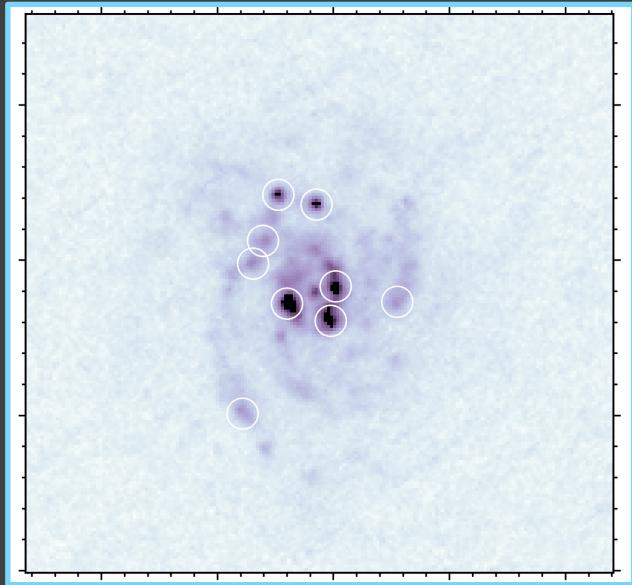


White et al. 2017

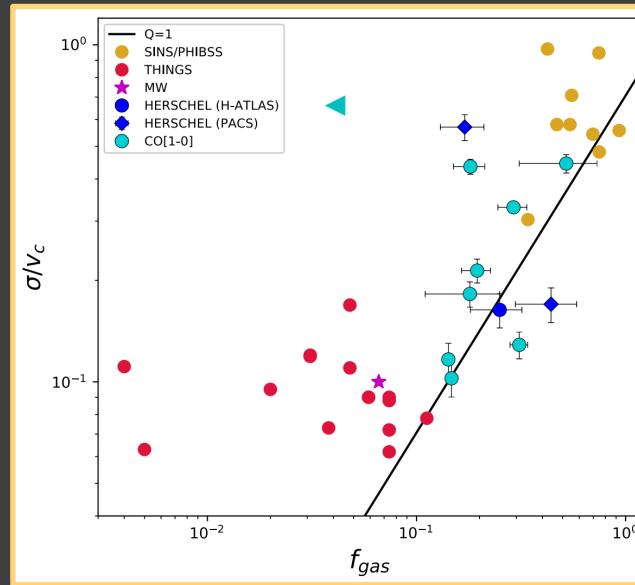
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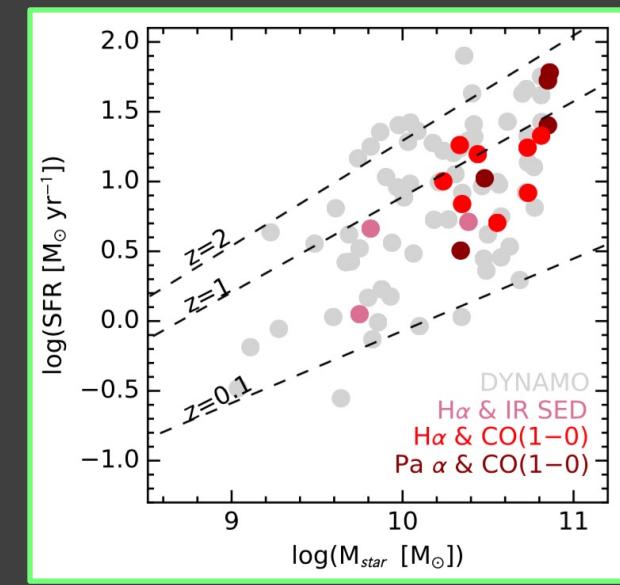
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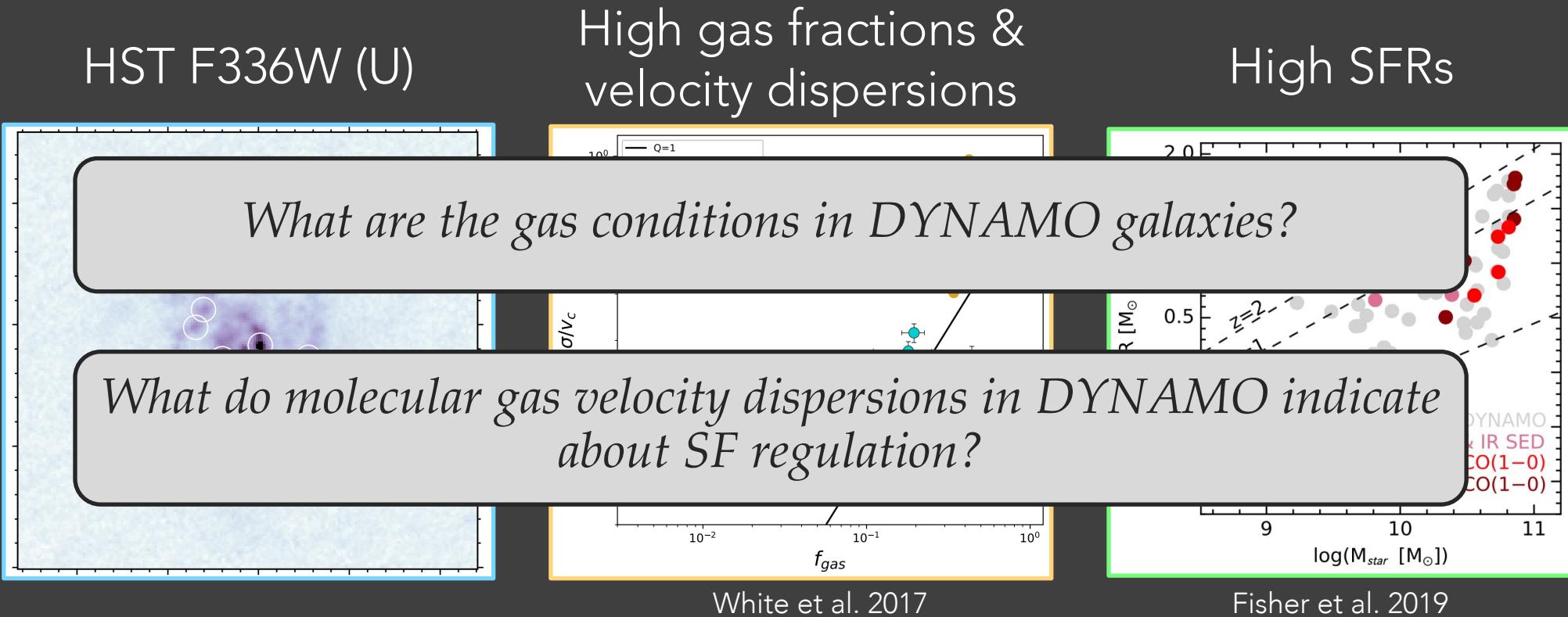


High SFRs



Local Analogues: DYNAMO Galaxies

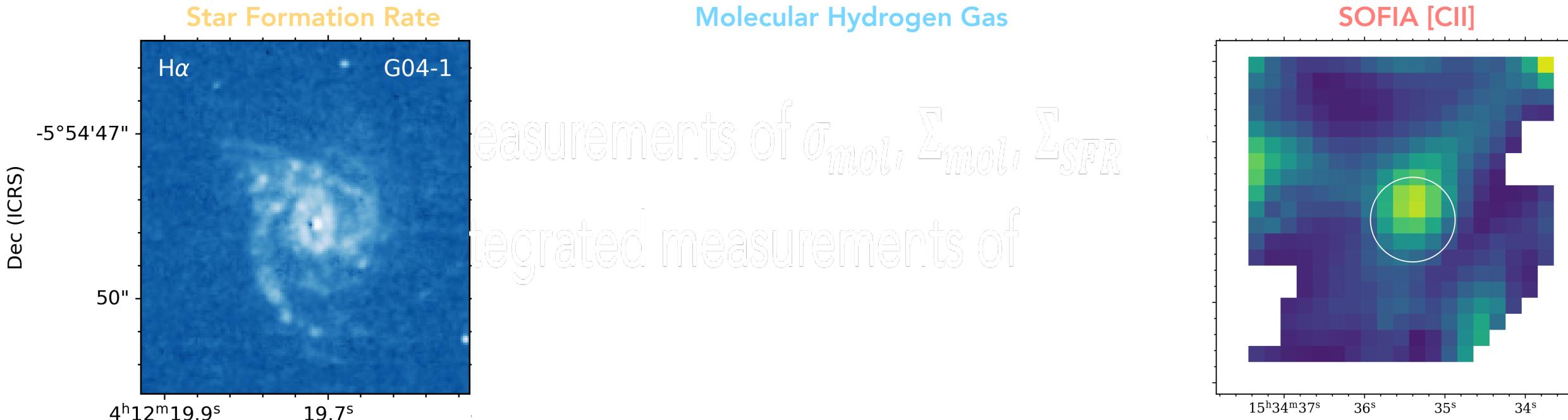
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DYNAMO Observations

- o ALMA CO & HST → 1 – 2 kpc scale measurements of σ_{mol} , Σ_{mol} , Σ_{SFR}
- o SOFIA FIFI-LS & HAWC+ → galaxy integrated measurements of [CII]/TIR, T_{dust}

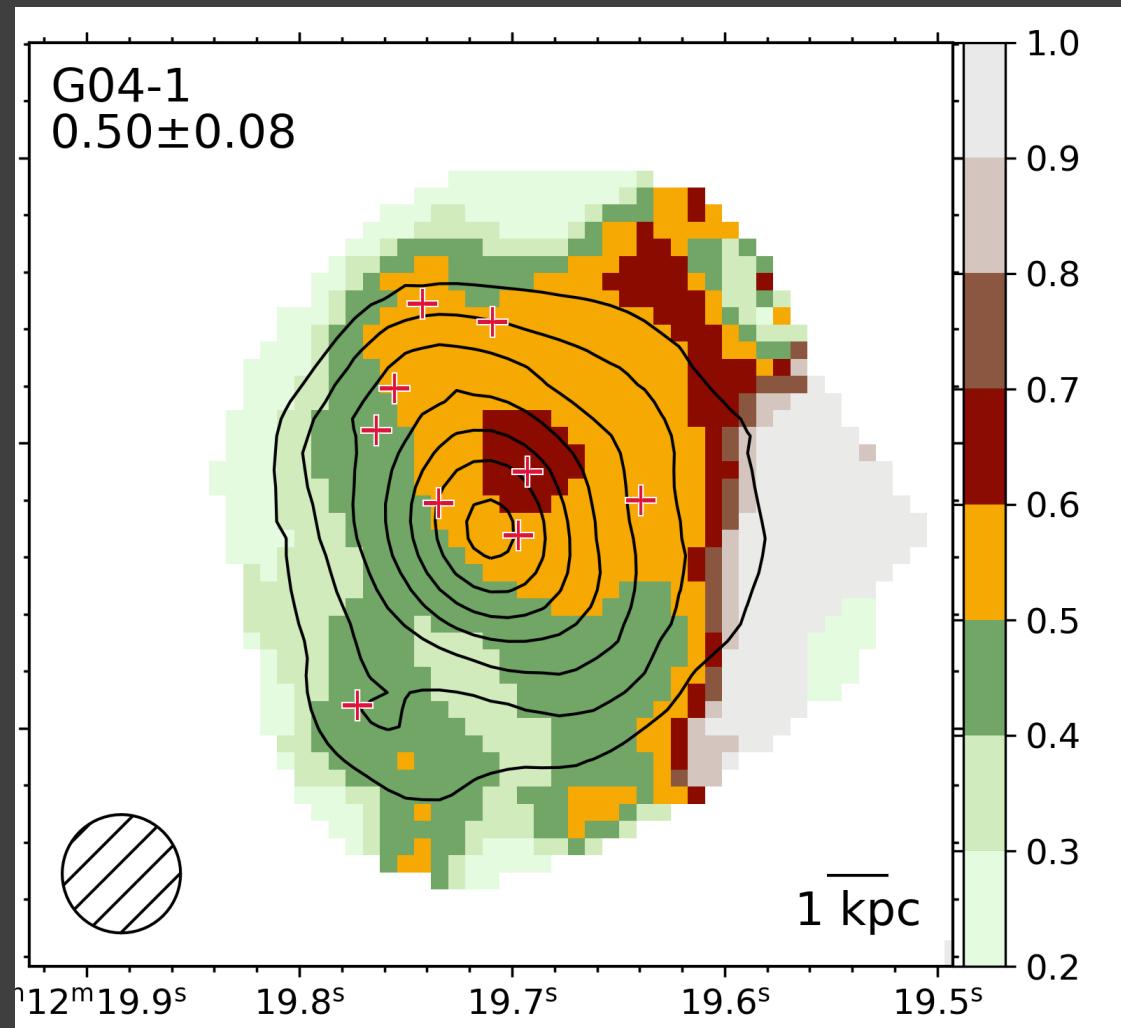
Lenkić et al. in prep



Resolved CO Line Ratios

Lenkić et al. in prep

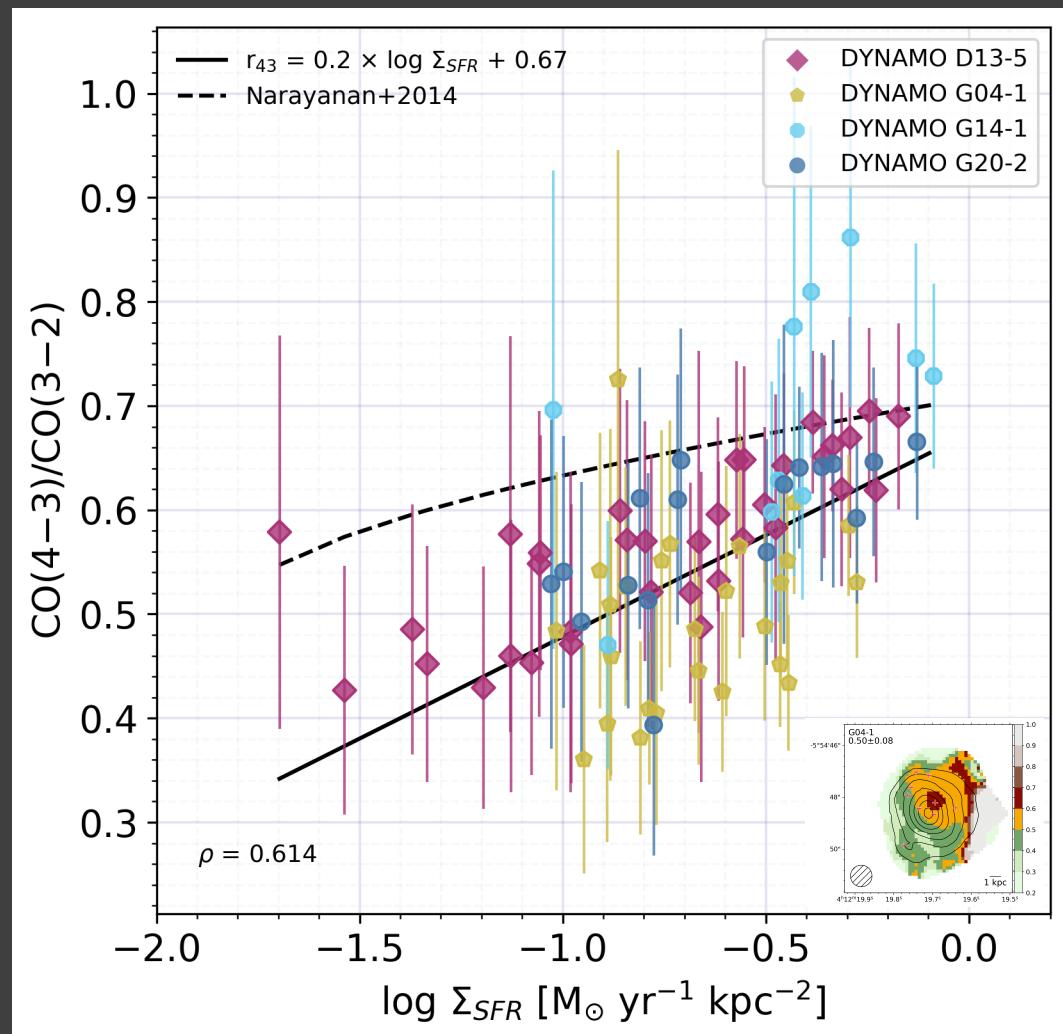
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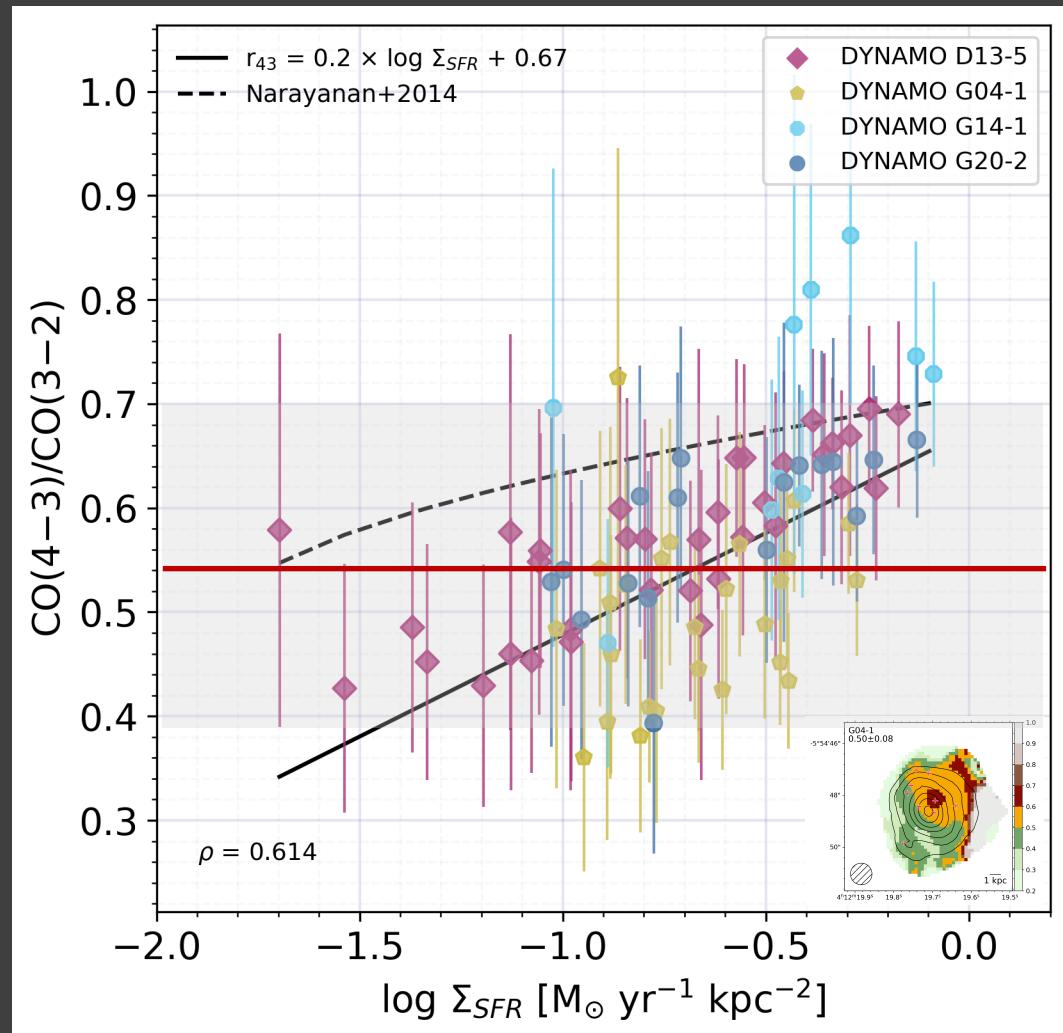
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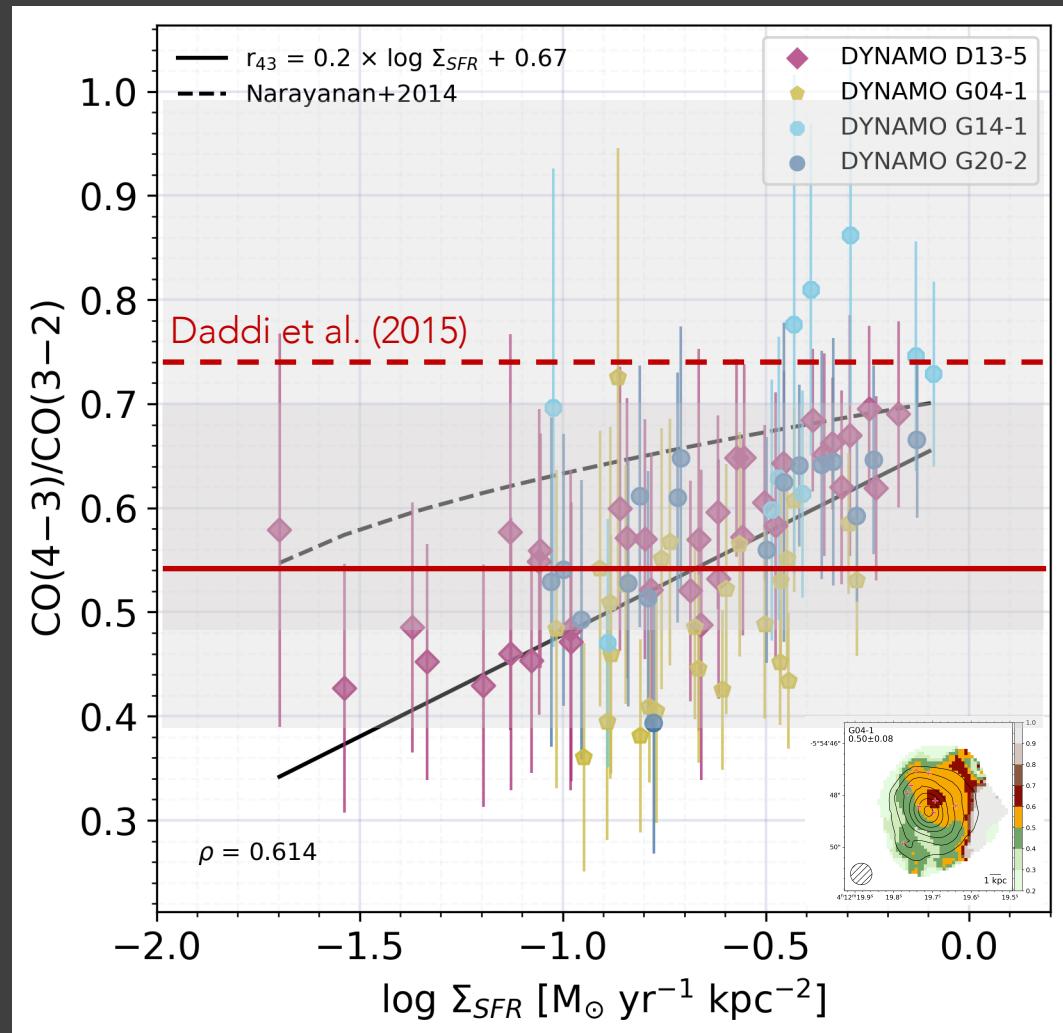
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 - ULIRGs generally have higher line ratios



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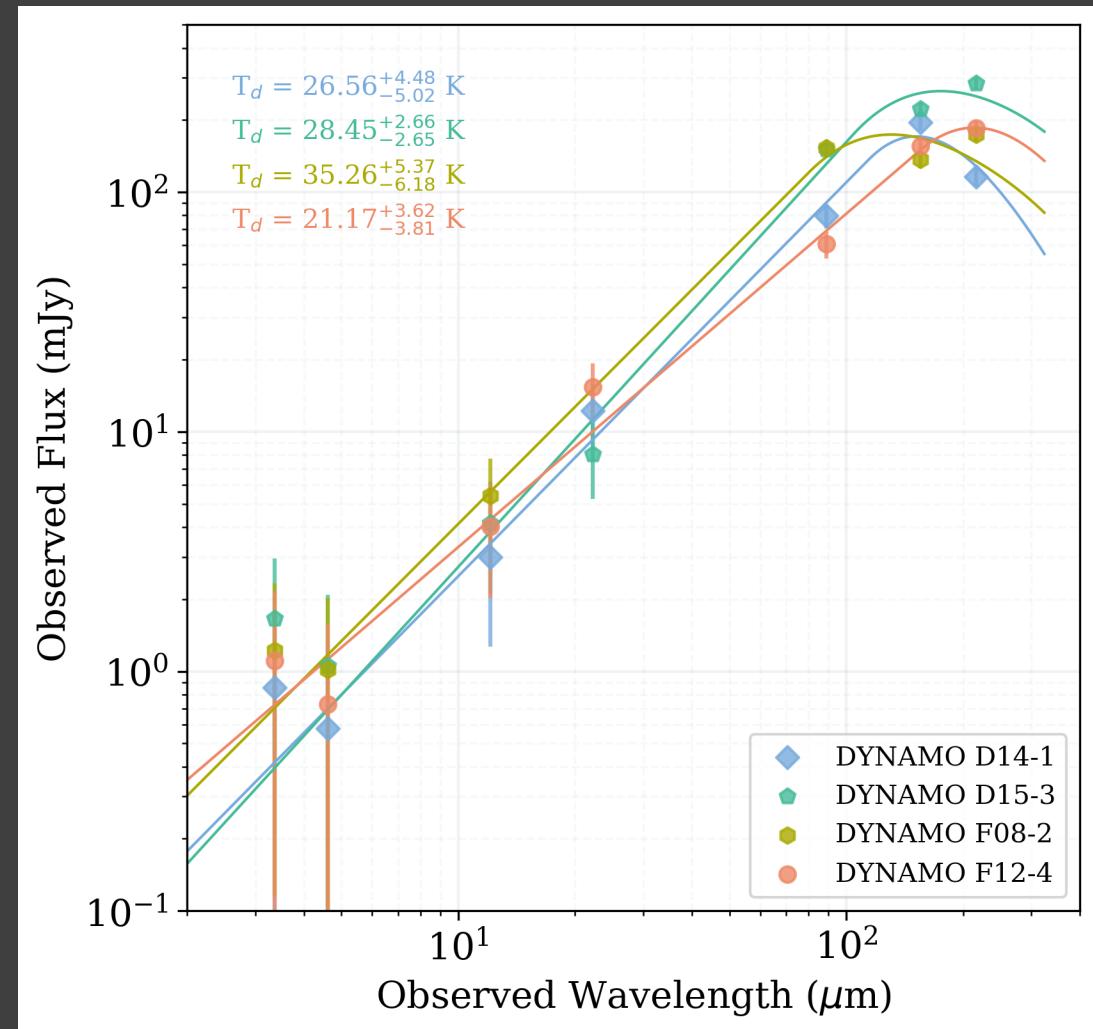
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Dust Temperatures and [CII] Deficit

Lenkić et al. in prep

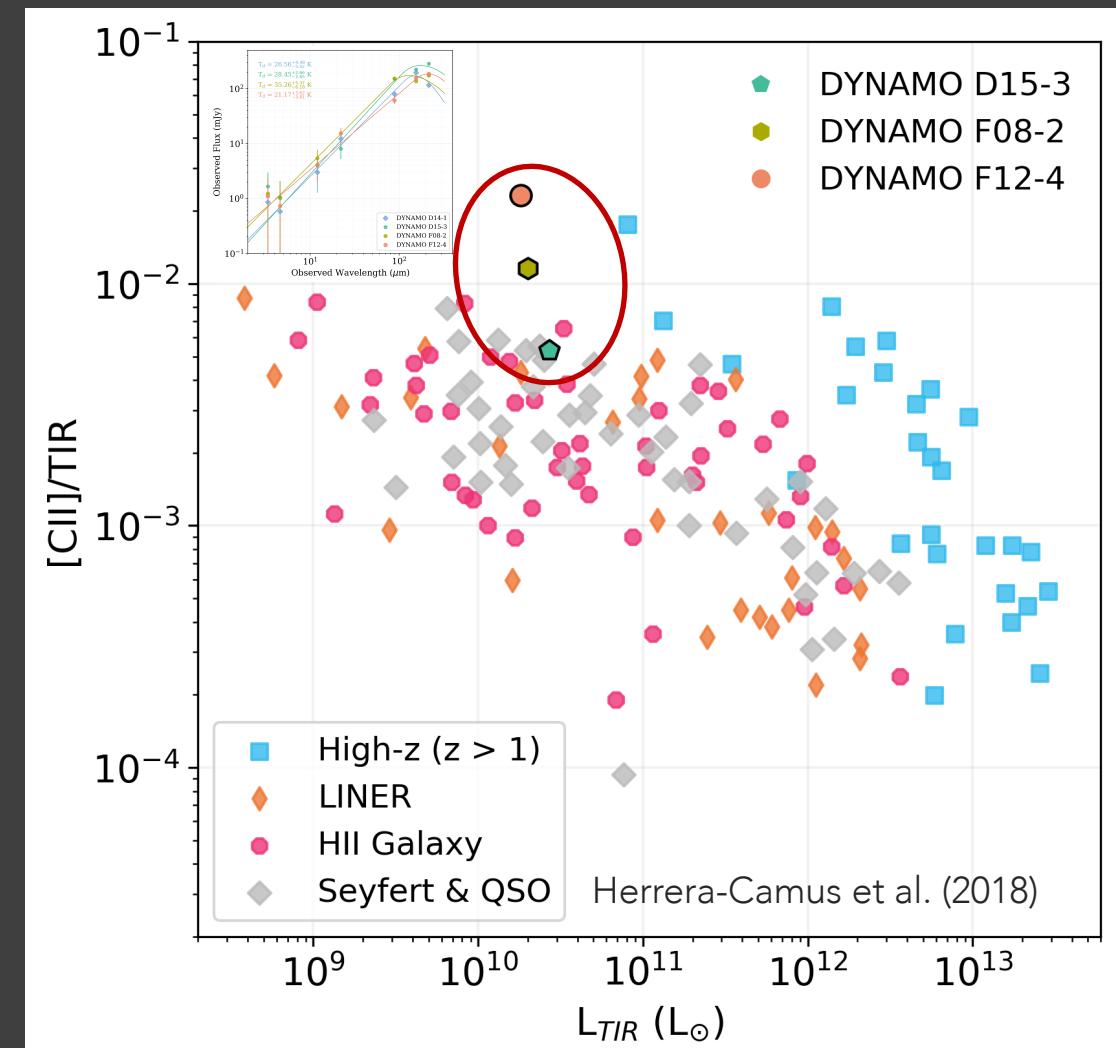
- SOFIA HAWC+ observations constrain peaks of spectral energy distributions
 - Infer low dust temperatures → ~20 – 35 K
- Low dust temperature – high SFR → no [CII] deficit?



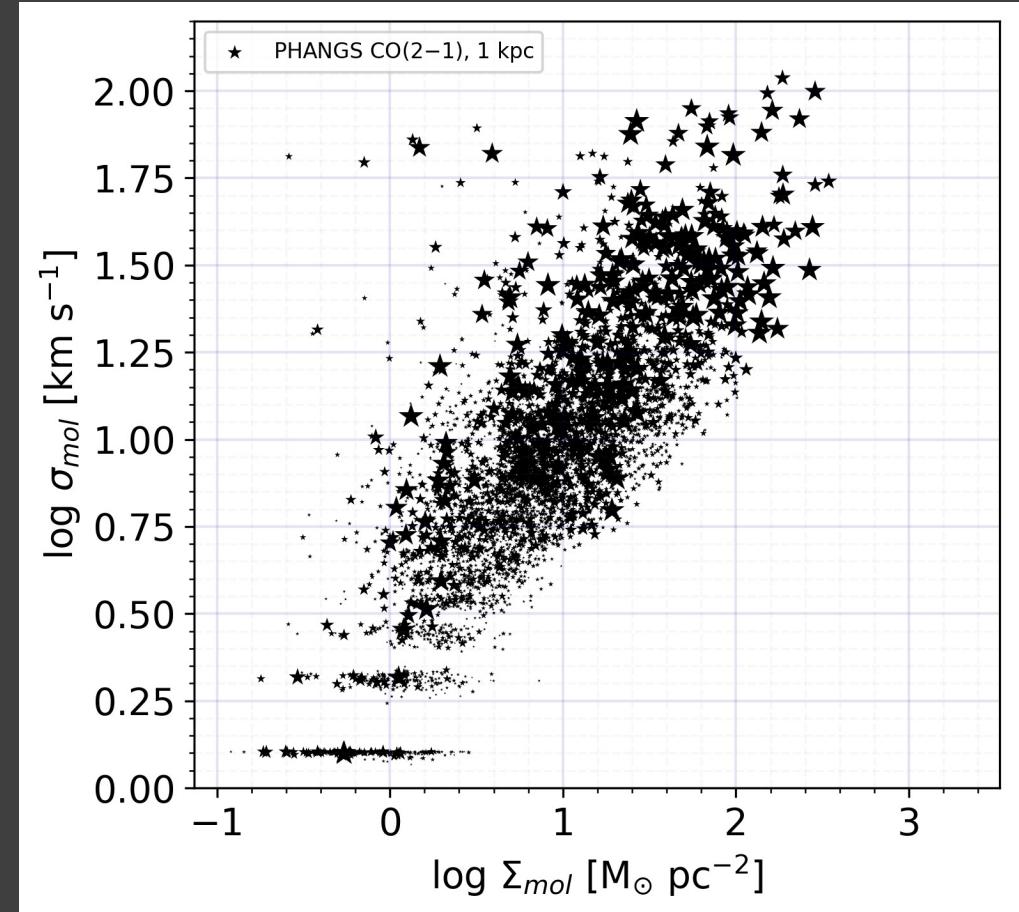
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- SOFIA FIFI-LS [CII] observations indicate no [CII] deficit in DYNAMO



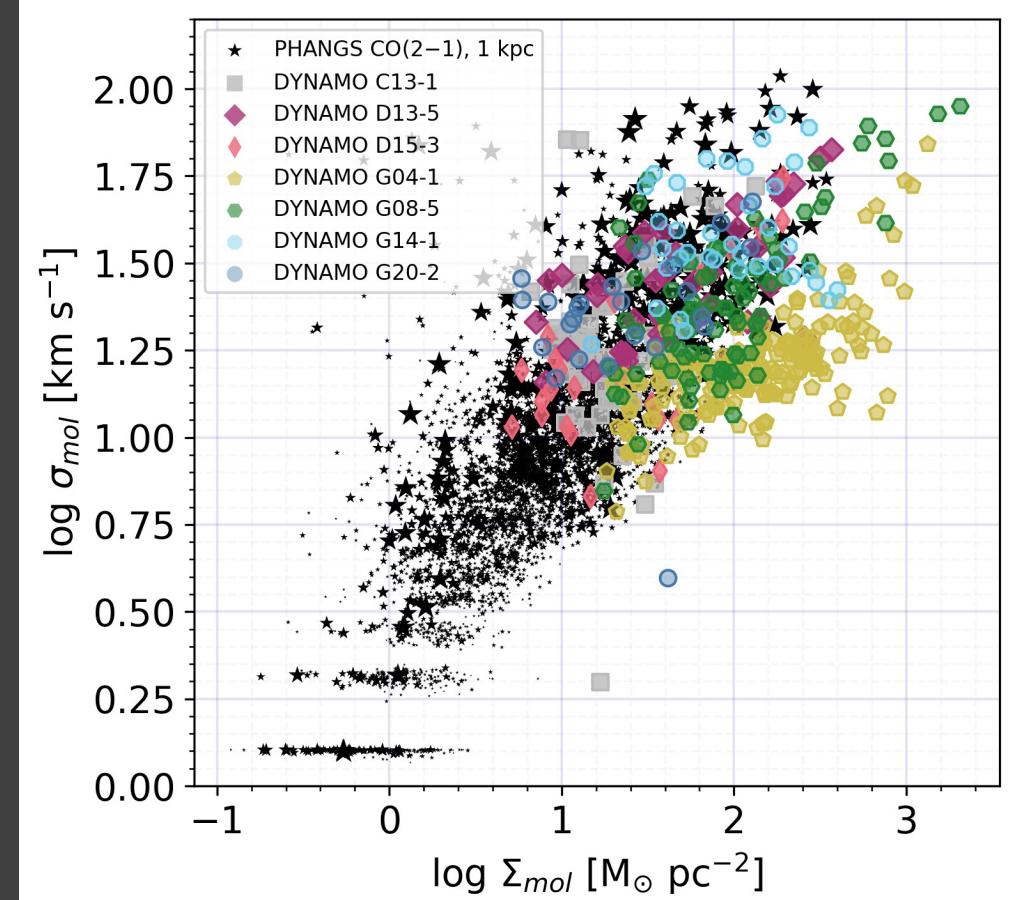
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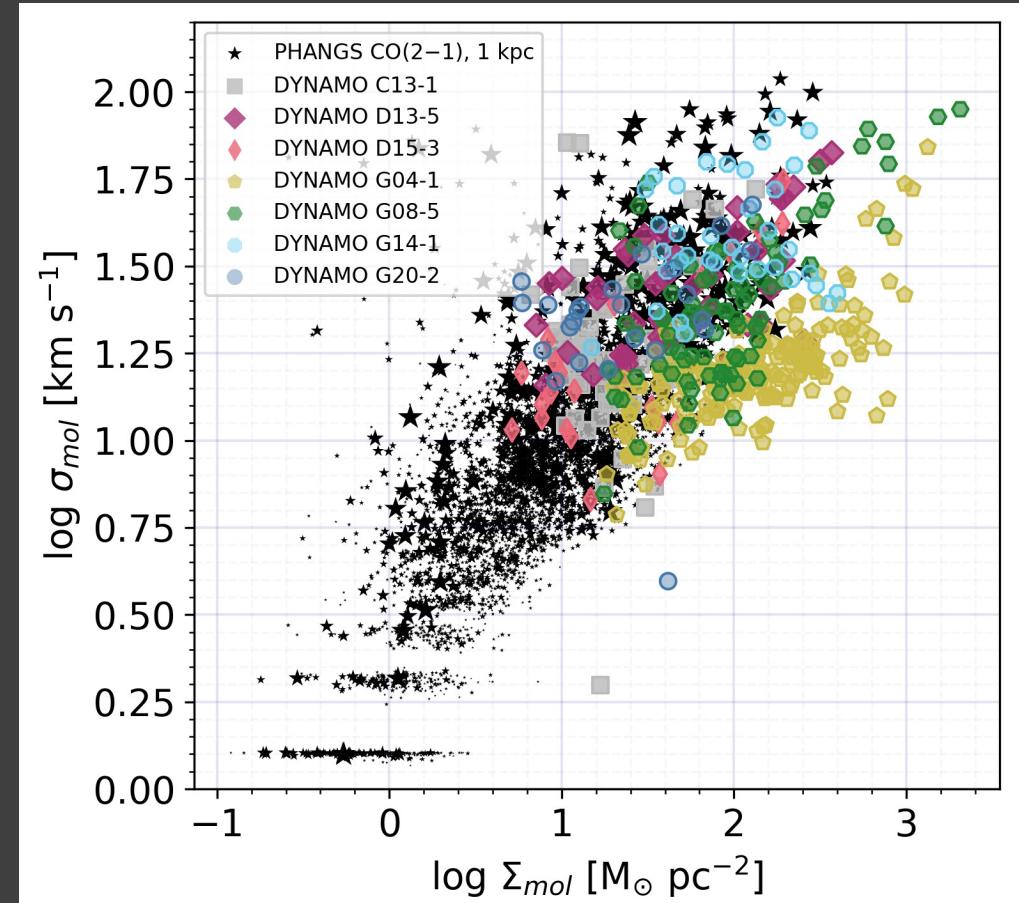
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 - comparable to centers of other nearby star forming galaxies



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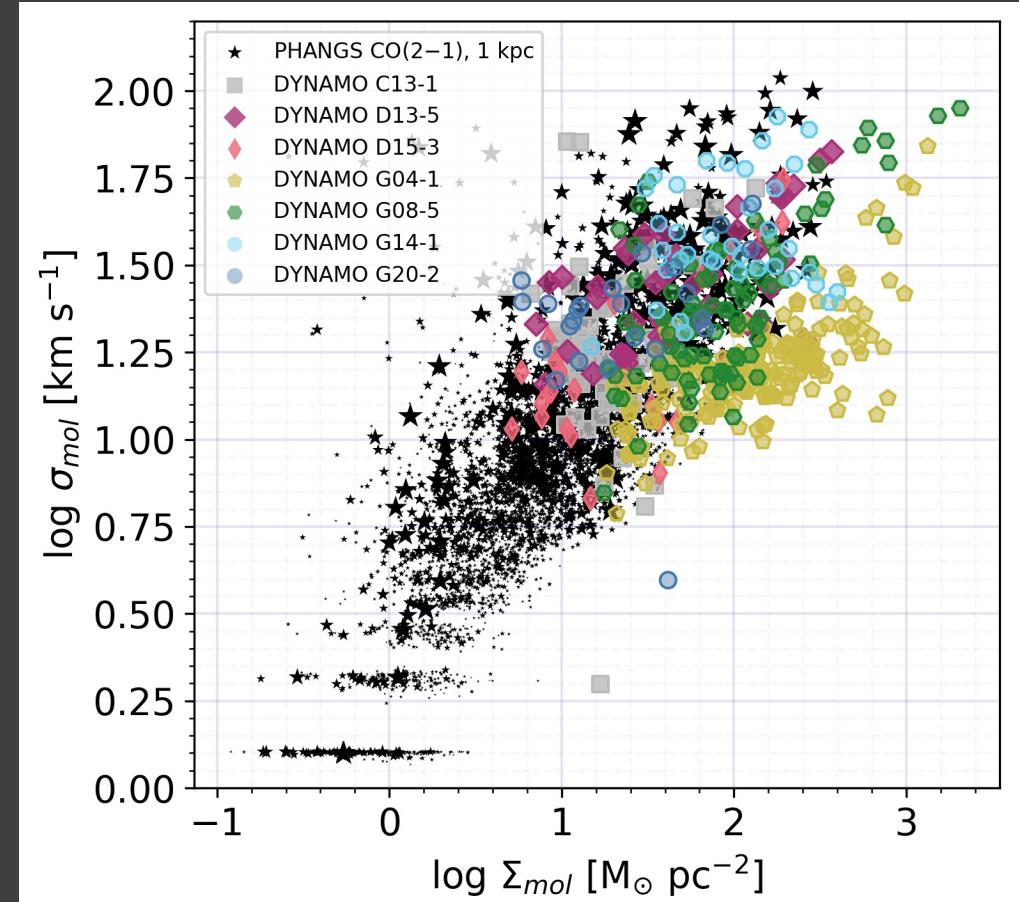
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- What can drive elevated Σ_{mol} and σ_{mol} in the outer disks of DYNAMO?



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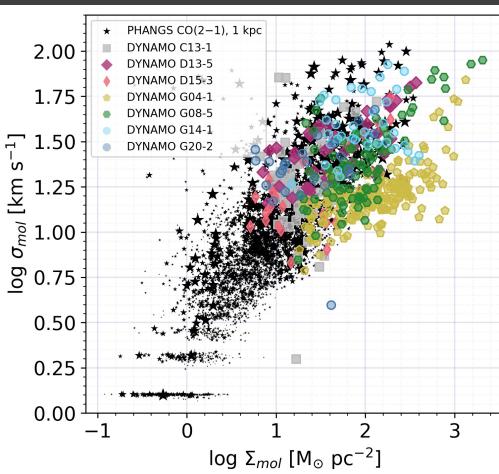
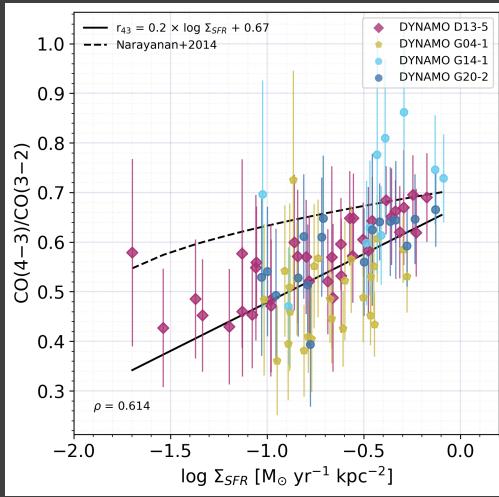
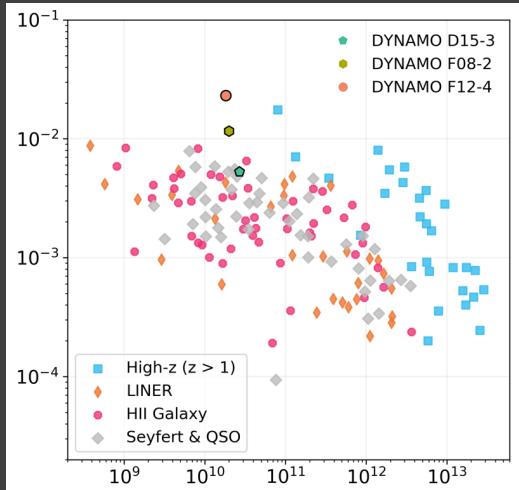
- High σ_{mol} and Σ_{mol} in DYNAMO
 - comparable to centers of other nearby star forming galaxies
- What can drive elevated Σ_{mol} and σ_{mol} in the outer disks of DYNAMO?
 - accretion → build up gas
 - radial gas flows → build up dispersion (i.e., turbulence)



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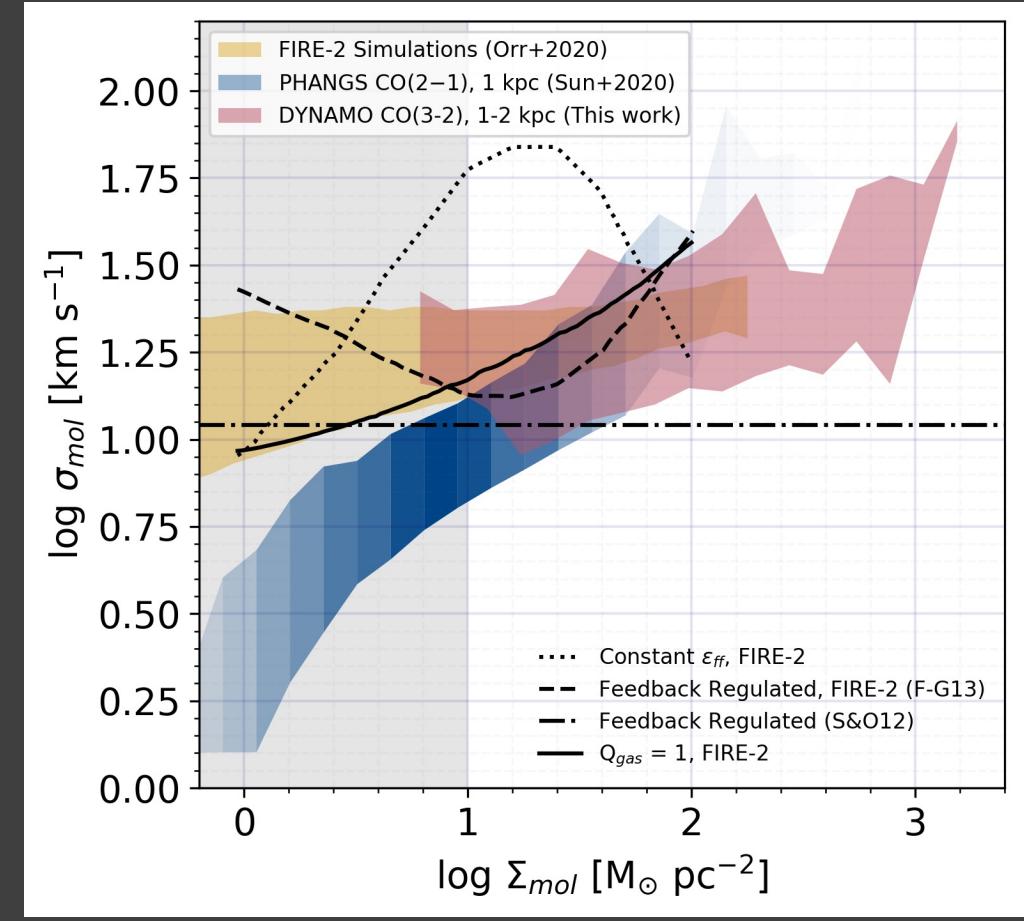
Summary

- CO excitation most similar to high-z star forming galaxies
- Models of CO excitation overpredict magnitude and underpredict slope of observations
- Low dust temperatures and no [CII] deficit
- Elevated σ_{mol} & Σ_{mol} → evidence for accretion/gas flow powered turbulence?



Hydrodynamic Models and Theories

- DYNAMO probes $\Sigma_{mol} > 10$ where gas is expected to be dominated by H₂ → ideal for comparison with simulations
- Numerical simulations capture some but not all behavior of DYNAMO
 - e.g., gas depletion times differ
- Theoretical models simplify $\sigma_{mol} - \Sigma_{mol}$ in ways that are inconsistent with DYNAMO
 - e.g., angular velocity assumed to be related to turbulence dissipation timescale



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