



# **Observing Program Update**

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### Question Posed by SUG



 With the goal of maximizing the scientific productivity of SOFIA, what is the optimal balance of resources among flight hours and other factors effecting SOFIA science productivity such as pipeline development, instrument upgrades, new instruments, GI funding, etc.?







#### **Historical General Principles**



- Up until the near death experience last year, SOFIA has been guided by several assumptions:
  - SOFIA is a general purpose observatory, and the best science came out of proposal calls to the general community
  - SOFIA required a broad suite of scientific instruments that spanned the full optical to submillimeter range
  - Achieving 960 Research Hours/year was one of the key measures of success
  - Calibrated data in a publicly accessible archive was a key goal
  - Continued development of the observatory was needed to support potential science at all wavelengths in the SOFIA regime

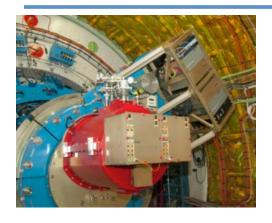




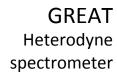


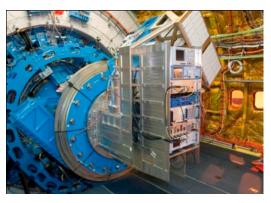
### **Instrument Complement**





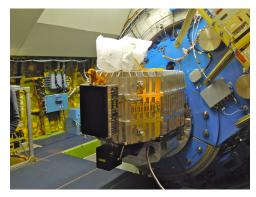
FORCAST Mid-IR Camera







FLITECAM
Near IR Camera
HIPO
Occultation Photometer



FIFI-LS Integral Field Spectrometer

EXES
High Resolution
IR Spectrometer









#### **General Investigator Program Executed Hours**



#### As of 28 February 2015

		Cycle 1		Cycle 2		
	US	German	Total	US	German	Total
	(hours)	(hours)	(hours)	(hours)	(hours)	(hours)
FORCAST	25.8	2.0	27.8	97.8	0.0	97.8
GREAT	39.3	35.6	74.9	19.1	15.5	34.6
FLITECAM	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5	0.0	4.5
FLIPO	2.9	0.0	2.9	1.8	1.8	3.6
FIFI-LS	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	4.7	6.8
EXES	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	68.0	37.6	105.6	125.4	22.0	147.4







# Cycle 2 Awards



Chart Revision 8 Jan 2015

Instrument	US Queue	German Queue	Total
EXES	7.8	0.0	7.8
FIFI-LS	1.5	3.0	4.5
FLITECAM	10.0	2.2	12.2
FLITECAM/FORCAST	20.1	0.0	20.1
FLIPO	8.0	5.3	13.3
FORCAST	95.9	0.0	95.9
GREAT	21.8	30.3	52.1
Total	165.1 hours	40.8 hours	205.9 hours
Number of Teams Awarded Time	30 US GI + 7 International	14 German GI + 1 DSI Staff	

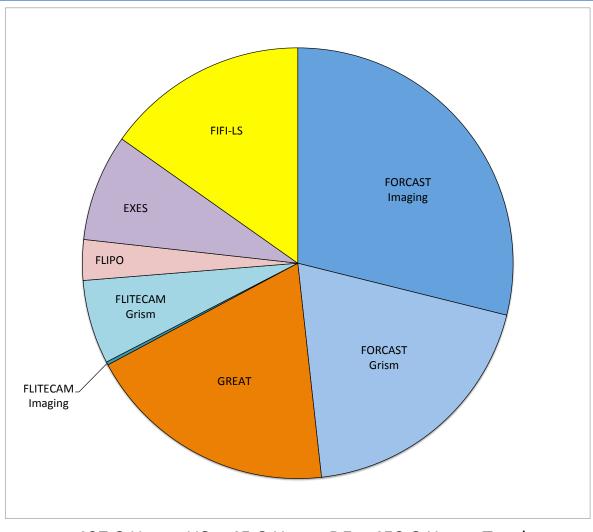






# Cycle 3 Awarded Time Distribution





407.8 Hours US + 45.8 Hours DE = 453.8 Hours Total

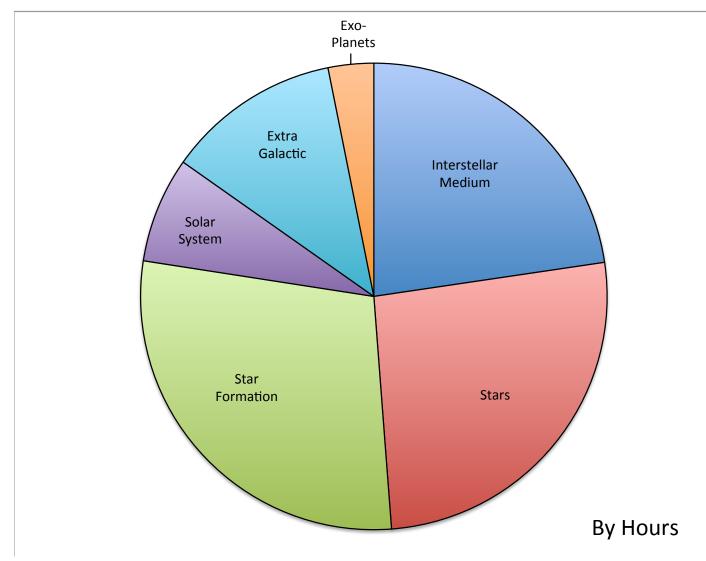






# Cycle 3 – Awarded Science Areas











### Aggregate GI Statistics



	Cycle 1 (hours)	Cycle 2 (hours)	Cycle 3 (hours)
US Awards	134.7	165.1	407.8
US Observed	68.0	116.3	
DE Awards	46.6	42.4	45.8
DE Observed	37.6	15.7	

Notes:

- 1) Times do not include GTO observations.
- 2) Cycle 2 statistics are up to HMV.
- 3) Cycle 3 hours include 59.27 hours of "Do If Time" observations.







#### Cycle 3 General Investigator Executed Hours



As of 6 April 2015

	Cycle 3			
	US	German	Total	
	(hours)	(hours)	(hours)	
FORCAST	0.7		0.7	
GREAT			0.0	
FLITECAM			0.0	
FLIPO			0.0	
FIFI-LS	36.3	7.8	44.1	
EXES	3.4	3.9	7.2	
Total	40.4	11.7	52.0	

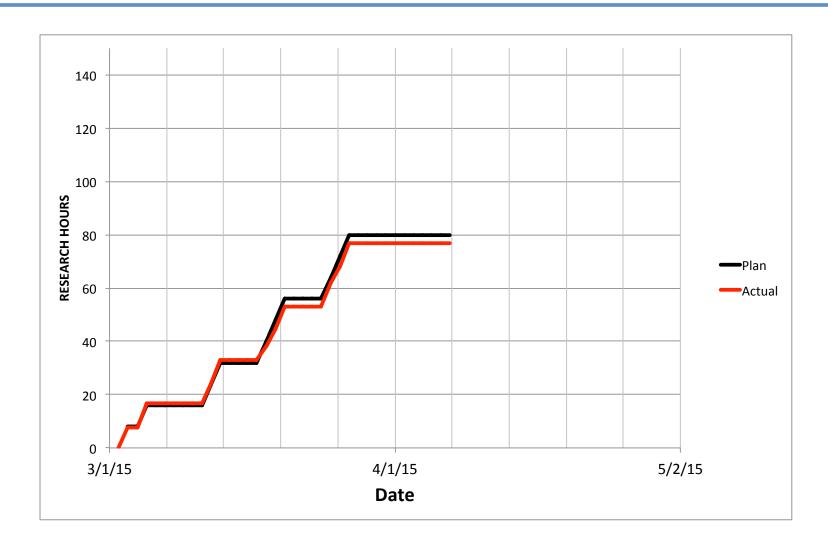






#### Cycle 3 Cumulative Research Hours











# **Guaranteed Time Usage**



#### As of 6 April 2015

Instrument	Original Allocation (hrs)*	Observing Time Used (hrs)	Remaining Guaranteed Time (hrs)
FORCAST	50	23.3	26.7
FLITECAM	25	1.9	23.1
HIPO	15	5.5	9.5
FLITECAM+HIPO	25	0.0	25.0
EXES	30	21.4	8.6

<sup>\*</sup> Science Utilization Policies, SOF-DF-PLA-1087 v. 2.4 (2008)







#### Optimizing the SOFIA Program



- Research Hours alone are not the measure of scientific productivity
  - Maximizing hours comes at a cost
    - There are clear breakpoints in the cost vs. hours relationship
    - Costs are driven by staffing and are quantized by operational crews
- Improvements to SOFIA observatory capabilities and performance need to be closely tied to scientific needs
- It is now recognized that one of the major impediments to productivity has been the low level of funding to General Investigators
- Instrumentation advances can bring substantial improvements in SOFIA productivity



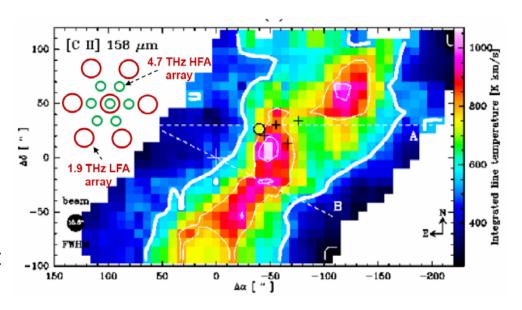




#### Multi-pixel Heterodyne Arrays Multiply Mapping Speed



- upGREAT an enhancement of the GREAT heterodyne instrument is under development by Rolf Güsten and collaborators.
- Compact heterodyne arrays
  - 7 pixels x 2 polarizations @ 1.9 to2.5 THz
  - 7 pixels @ 4.7 THz [O I]
- Will be more than an order of magnitude faster than the current instrument
- First light planned for May 2015



Map of M17 SW in the 1.9 THz [C II] Line (Pérez-Beaupuits et al., 2012)

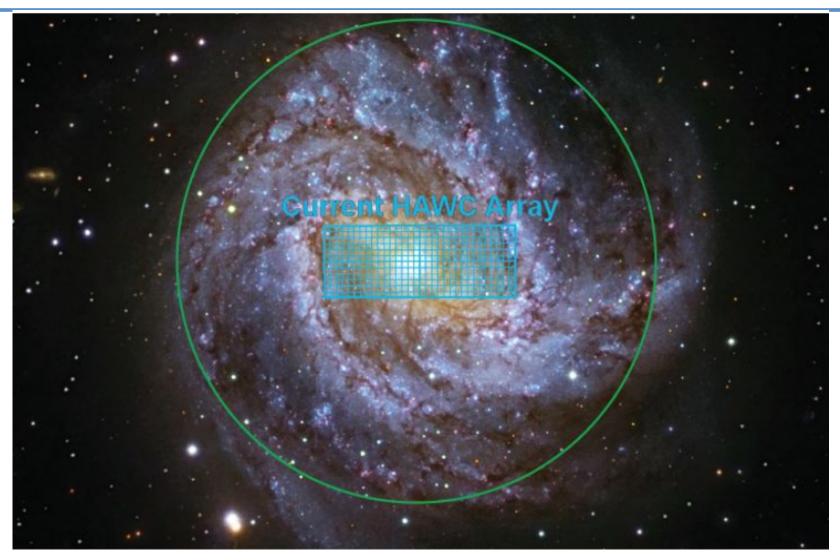






# HAWC 12 x 32 Detector Coverage





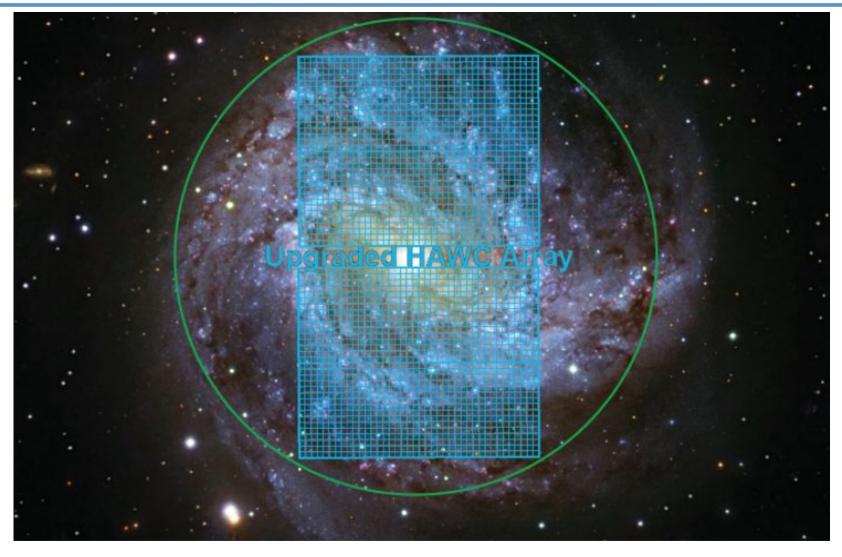


Johannes Staguhn



# HAWC+ 64 x 40 Detector Coverage







Johannes Staguhn



# **Optimization Activities**



- FY 2016 budget plan is being presented to NASA HQ today
- The plan includes many elements to address the optimization of the program
  - Details will be presented to the SUG at the appropriate time in the budget cycle
  - NASA HQ has committed to a Gen 3 instrument development
- To successfully pass the Senior Review, an optimized program plan will need to be developed



