# Time-Variable Systematics

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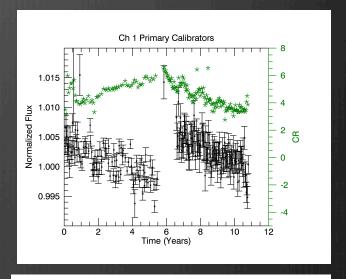
Jim Ingalls, Sean Carey, Bill Glaccum, Patrick Lowrance, Jason Surace, Carl Grillmair, Seppo Laine, Peter Capak

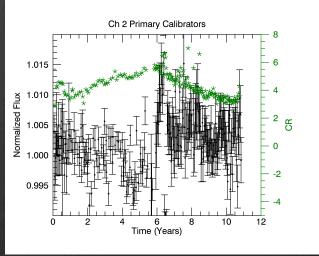
## Repeatability

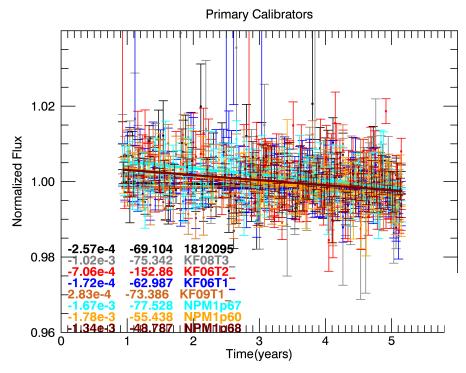
- Survey of Section 1988
  Section 1988<
  - Photometric stability over the mission is excellent
  - Snapshots as evidence that RMS vs. Binsize changes slightly with each AOR.
  - Persistent images change on short and long timescales
- Astrophysical sources
  - The star or the planet
  - Are there observations we could make to rule out one or the other?

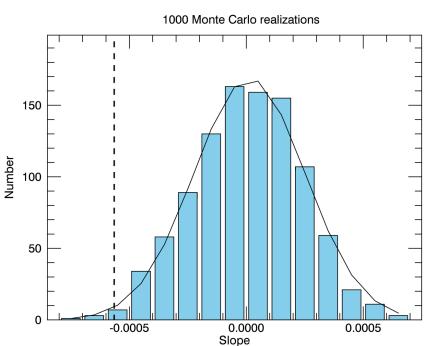
# Photometric Stability on Year-Long Timescales

- 7 calibration stars binned to 2 weeks
- Calstars are dithered main source of scatter
- Error bars are 1σ stddev on the mean
- Statistically significant decrease in sensitivity
  - 0.1% per year in ch1 and 0.05% per year in ch2
  - Likely caused by degradation in the system, maybe radiation damage to the optics
- Will not effect eclipse depth measurements since those are measured relative to out of eclipse times



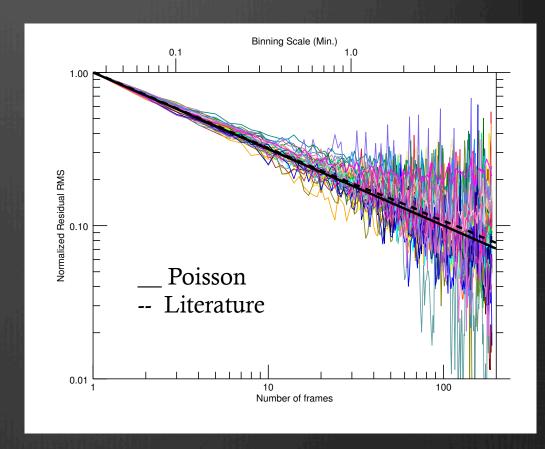






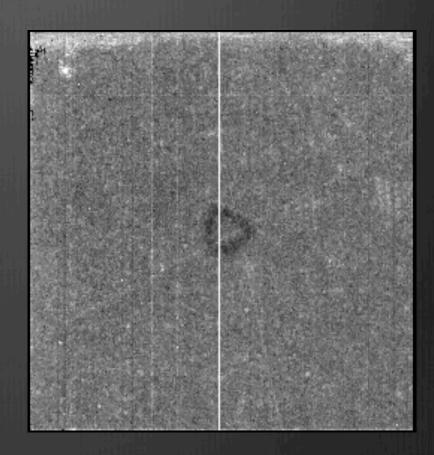
## Snapshots

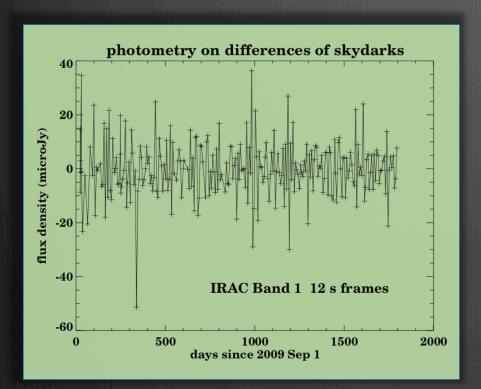
- 43 individual observations taken over two visibility windows 1 year apart.
- Scatter due to 30 minute observations
- No time-correlated noise above that seen in literature source for same star.



#### Latents

- Background pattern is changing underneath the targets due to latents at the 0.01 0.1% level.
- Scheduling attempts to place exoplanets further than 4 hours from bright observations





Frametime	Ch1 sigma	Ch2 sigma
0.02 sub	0.03%	0.01%
0.1 sub	0.07%	0.01%
0.4 sub	0.1%	0.02%
2 sub	0.11%	0.03%
0.4 full	0.06%	0.05%
2 full	0.06%	0.04%
6 full	0.07%	0.03%
12 full	0.07%	0.04%

#### Summary

- Long term (years) instrument is very stable with a degradation of order 0.1% per year in ch1 and 0.05% per year in ch2 which can be removed from the data.
- Short term (days) Latents exist and are changing.
- Short term (minutes to hours) we know of nothing changing on these timescales very difficult to disentangle from the position dependent gain changes. we see no evidence for a "ramp" in ch1 or ch2 which is not a function of position.